



TAXPAYER REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE

(Under Section 181C of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001)

Registration No.

1560228602393

Date of Registration 05-AUG-2022

H156725

Type of Person

Company

Inc. No.

1560228602393

Inc. Date

05-AUG-2022

Private Secretary.

Name

NAJMAT AL-KHAIR TRADING & FOODSTUFFS COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Address

Office No. 16, 3rd Floor, VIP Plaza, I-8 Markaz, Pakistan

Tax Office

RTO ISLAMABAD

Activity Type

Business

27 AUG 2025

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is a computer generated certificate and, hence, no signatures are required.

ng of Taxpayer Registration Certificate is mandatory as ed under section 181C of Income Tax Ordinance 2001.

s not a valid evidence of being a "filer" for the purposes of clauses (23A) and (35C) of sections 2 and 181A of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001.



TESTATION



Date of Print 29-Jul-2025



THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (XIX of 2017)

(Company Limited by Shares)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

NAJMAT AL-KHAIR TRADING & FOODSTUFFS COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

- 1. (1) In these regulations-
 - (a) "section" means section of the Act;
 - (b) "the Act" means the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - (c) "the seal" means the common seal or official seal of the company as the case may be.
- (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall have the same meaning as in this Act; and words importing the singular shall include the plural, and vice versa, and words importing the masculine gender shall include feminine, and words importing persons shall include bodies corporate.

BUSINESS

COUNTERSIGN ONLY
Ministry of Foreign Affairs is contents of this de

2. The directors shall have regard to the restrictions on the commencement of businessent imposed by section 19 if, and so far as, those restrictions are binding upon the company.

SHARES

27 AUG 2025

3. In case of shares in the physical form, every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall, without payment, be entitled to receive, within thirty days after allotment or within fifteen days of the application for registration of transfer, a certificate under the seal specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid up thereon:

Provided that if the shares are in book entry form or in case of conversion of physical shares and other transferable securities into book-entry form, the company shall, within ten days after an application is made for the registration of the transfer of any shares or other securities to a central depository, register such transfer in the name of the central depository.

4. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate in respect of a share or

shares in the physical form, held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.

- 5. If a share certificate in physical form is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on payment of such fee, if any, not exceeding one hundred rupees, and on such terms, if any, as to evidence and indemnity and payment of expenses incurred by the company in investigating title as the directors think fit.
- 6. Except to the extent and in the manner allowed by section 86, no part of the funds of the company shall be employed in the purchase of, or in loans upon the security of, the companys shares.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 7. The instrument of transfer of any share in physical form in the company shall be executed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- 8. Shares in physical form in the company shall be transferred in the following form, or in any usual or common form which the directors shall approve

Form for Transfer of Shares

(First Schedule to the Companies Act 2017)

| (i iist Schedule to the Companie | es Act, 2017) | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | 100, 10 1020. | | |
| ls/or/o/n(herein | nafter called "the transferor") in | | |
| consideration of the sum of rupees | d to me by | | |
| t/o (hereinafter called "the tr | ansforce") de herebyte | | |
| | | | |
| said transfereetheshare(orshares)with distinc | tive numbers from | | |
| toinclusive, in the | Limited, to hold unto the said | | |
| transferee, his executors, administrators and assigns, sub | eject to the several conditions on | | |
| which I held the same at the time of the execution hereof. | and I, the saidtran da hereby | | |
| agree to take the said share (or shares) subject to the cor | nditions aforesaid No with the | | |
| hands this day of 20 | onto Pesono Color | | |
| , 20 | ients of sil gn Aff | | |
| transfereetototo | 2 mis do for the irs is | | |
| | Al. Cumen | | |
| | Witness 1: 4//C | | |
| Signature | Witness 1: AUS 2006 Unien: Signaturedate | | |
| Transferor | Signature | | |
| Full Name, Fathers / | oignaturedate | | |
| Husbands Name | •••••• | | |
| | Name, CNIC Number and Full | | |
| CNIC Number (in case of | Address | | |
| foreigner, Passport | Cell number | | |

Number)

Nationality

Occupation and usual Residential Address

Cell number

Email address

Landline number, if any

| Full Name, Fathers / Husbands Name CNIC Number (in case of foreigner, Passport Number) Nationality Occupation and usual Residential Address | ••••• | edate . CNIC Number and Full |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Bank Account | Details o | f Transferee for Payment of Cash Dividend |
| (Mandatory in ca | se of a list | ted company or optional for any other company) |
| It is requested to credited into the following bank | hat all my account: | cash dividend amounts declared by the company, may be |
| Tile of Bank Account | | and the same of th |
| Bank Account Number | | |
| Banks Name | | |
| Branch Name and Address | | Description |
| It is stated that t | he above | mentioned information is correct and that I will intimate the |
| | | tion to the company and the concerned Share Registrar as |
| | James | 27 1. Softhis of Alleria |
| Signature of the Transferee(s) | d d | 27 AUG 2025 |
| to transfer any share unless the suspend the registration of tra | ne transfe nsfers du | ed in regulation 10 and 11, the directors shall not refuse r deed is defective or invalid. The directors may also ring the ten days immediately preceding a general entitlement or rights of the shareholders by giving seven |

Signature

Witness 2:

a) a fee not exceeding fifty rupees as may be determined by the directors is paid to the company in respect thereof; and

days previous notice in the manner provided in the Act. The directors may, in case of shares in

physical form, decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless-

b) the duly stamped instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to

which it relates, and such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.

(2) If the directors refuse to register a transfer of shares, they shall within fifteen days after the date on which the transfer deed was lodged with the company send to the transferee and the transferor notice of the refusal indicating the defect or invalidity to the transferee, who shall, after removal of such defect or invalidity be entitled to re-lodge the transfer deed with the company.

Provided that the company shall, where the transferee is a central depository the refusal shall be conveyed within five days from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with it notify the defect or invalidity to the transferee who shall, after the removal of such defect or invalidity, be entitled to re-lodge the transfer deed with the company.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 10. The executors, administrators, heirs, or nominees, as the case may be, of a deceased sole holder of a share shall be the only persons recognised by the company to deal with the share in accordance with the law. In the case of a share registered in the names of two or more holders, the survivors or survivor, or the executors or administrators of the deceased survivor, shall be the only persons recognised by the company to deal with the share in accordance with the law.
- 11. The shares or other securities of a deceased member shall be transferred on application duly supported by succession certificate or by lawful award, as the case may be, in favour of the successors to the extent of their interests and their names shall be entered to the register of members.
- 12. A person may on acquiring interest in a company as member, represented by shares, at any time after acquisition of such interest deposit with the company a porfination conferring on a person, being the relatives of the member, namely, a spouse, father, mother, brother, sister and son or daughter, the right to protect the interest of the legal heirs in the shares of the deceased in the event of his death, as a trustee and to facilitate the transfer of shares to the legal heirs of the deceased subject to succession to be determined under the Islamic law of inheritance and in case of non-Muslim members, as per their respective law.
- 13. The person nominated under regulation 12 shall, after the death of the member, be deemed as a member of company till the shares are transferred to the legal heirs and if the deceased was a director of the company, not being a listed company, the nominee shall also act as director of the company to protect the interest of the legal heirs.
- 14. A person to be deemed as a member under regulation 11, 12 and 13 to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share and exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

- 15. The company may, by special resolution-
 - (a) increase its authorised capital by such amount as it thinks expedient;
 - (b) consolidate and divide the whole or any part of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (c) sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
 - (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the share so cancelled.
- 16. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all new shares shall at the first instance be offered to such persons as at the date of the offer are entitled to such issue in proportion, as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the amount of the existing shares to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by letter of offer specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will deem to be declined, and after the expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the directors may dispose of the same in such manner as they think most beneficial to the company. The directors may likewise so dispose of any new shares which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares bear to shares held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares) cannot, in the opinion of the directors, be conveniently offered under this regulation.
- 17. The new shares shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to transfer, transmission and otherwise as the shares in the original share capital.
- 18. The company may, by special resolution-
 - (a) consolidate and divide its share capital into shares of larger afficient than its existing shares;
 - (b) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of section 85;
 - (c) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- 19. The company may, by special resolution, reduce its share capital in any manner and with, and subject to confirmation by the Court and any incident authorised and consent required, by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

20. The statutory general meeting of the company shall be held within the period required by section 131.

- 21. A general meeting, to be called annual general meeting, shall be held, in accordance with the provisions of section 132, within sixteen months from the date of incorporation of the company and thereafter once at least in every year within a period of one hundred and twenty days following the close of its financial year.
- 22. All general meetings of a company other than the statutory meeting or an annual general meeting mentioned in sections 131 and 132 respectively shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
- 23. The directors may, whenever they think fit, call an extraordinary general meeting, and extraordinary general meetings shall also be called on such requisition, or in default, may be called by such requisitionists, as provided by section 133. If at any time there are not within Pakistan sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be called by the directors.
- 24. The company may provide video-link facility to its members for attending general meeting at places other than the town in which general meeting is taking place after considering the geographical dispersal of its members:

Provided that in case of listed companies if the members holding ten percent of the total paid up capital or such other percentage of the paid up capital as may be specified, are resident in any other city, the company shall provide the facility of video-link to such members for attending annual general meeting of the company, if so required by such members in writing to the company at least seven days before the date of the meeting.

NOTICE AND PROCEEDINGS OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 25. Twenty-one day notice at the least (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served, but inclusive of the day for which notice is given) specifying the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business? The general nature of that business, shall be given in manner provided by the Act for the general meeting, to such persons as are, under the Act or the regulations of the company, extitled to receive such notice from the company; but the accidental omission to give notice to, or the notice eight of notice by, any member shall not invalidate the proceedings at any general meeting.
- 26. All the business transacted at a general meeting shall be deemed special other than the business stated in sub-section (2) of section 134 panely; the consideration of financial statements and the reports of the board and auditors, the declaration of any dividend, the election and appointment of directors in place of those retring, and the appointment of the auditors and fixing of their remuneration.
- 27. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at that time when the meeting proceeds to business. The quorum of the general meeting shall be-
 - (a) in the case of a public listed company, not less than ten members present personally, or through video-link who represent not less than twenty-five percent of the total voting power, either of their own account or as proxies;

- (b) in the case of any other company having share capital, two members present personally, or through video-link who represent not less than twenty-five percent of the total voting power, either of their own account or as proxies.
- 28. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if called upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, and, if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present, being not less than two, shall be a quorum.
- 29. The chairman of the board of directors, if any, shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the company, but if there is no such chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairman, any one of the directors present may be elected to be chairman, and if none of the directors is present, or willing to act as chairman, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman.
- 30. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for fifteen days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
 - 31. (1) At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded. Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book of the proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or against, that resolution.
 - (2) At any general meeting, the company shall transact such businesses as may be notified by the Commission, only through postal ballot.
 - 32. A poll may be demanded only in accordance with the provisions of section, 143.
 - 33. If a poll is duly demanded, it shall be taken in accordance with the manner laid down in sections 144 and 145 and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
 - 34. A poll demanded on the election of chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken at once.
 - 35. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place, or at which the poll is demanded, shall have and exercise a second or casting vote.
 - 36. Except for the businesses specified under sub-section (2) of section 134 to be conducted in the annual general meeting, the members of a private company or a public unlisted company

(having not more than fifty members), may pass a resolution (ordinary or special) by circulation signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting. The resolution by circulation shall be deemed to be passed on the date of signing by the last of the signatory member to such resolution.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 37. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote except for election of directors in which case the provisions of section 159 shall apply. On a poll every member shall have voting rights as laid down in section 134.
- 38. In case of joint-holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy or through video-link shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other jointholders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- 39. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on show of hands or on a poll or through video link, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- 40. On a poll votes may be given either personally or through video-link, by proxy or through postal ballot:

Provided that nobody corporate shall vote by proxy as long as a resolution of its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 138 is in force.

- 41. (1) The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing.
- (2) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney bighther authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of that power of authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in Cument the default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 42. An instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form, or a form as near thereto as AUG TOS may be:

INSTRUMENT OF PROXY

| | Limited | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| "Is/o | r/o | heing a | |
| member of the | Limited, hereby ap | point | |
| s/o | r/o | as my proxy to | |
| attend and vote on my behalf at the (stat | tutory, annual, extraordinary as | the case may he) | |
| general meeting of the company to be he | eld on the day of | 20 | |

and at any adjournment thereof."

43. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

DIRECTORS

- 44. The following subscribers of the memorandum of association shall be the first directors of the company, so, however, that the number of directors shall not in any case be less than that specified in section 154 and they shall hold office until the election of directors in the first annual general meeting:
 - 1. Sardar Bacha
 - 2. Bacha Amin
- 45. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the company in general meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.
- 46. Save as provided in section 153, no person shall be appointed as a director unless he is a member of the company.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

- 47. The business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the company, and may exercise all such powers of the company as are not by the Act or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, or by these regulations, required to be exercised by the company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act or to any of these regulations, and such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid provisions, as may be prescribed by the company in general meeting but no regulation made by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.
- 48. The directors shall appoint a chief executive in accordance with the provisions of sections 186 and 187.
- 49. The amount for the time being remaining undischarged of may be borrowed or raised by the directors for the purposes of the company (otherwise than by the issue of share capital) shall not at any time, without the sanction of the company in general meeting, exceed the issued share capital of the company.
- 50. The directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act, or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, and in particular with the provisions in regard to the registration of the particulars of mortgages, charges and pledge affecting the property of the company or created by it, to the keeping of a register of the directors, and to the sending to the registrar of an annual list of members, and a summary of particulars relating thereto and notice

of any consolidation or increase of share capital, or sub-division of shares, and copies of special resolutions and a copy of the register of directors and notifications of any changes

MINUTE BOOKS

- 51. The directors shall cause records to be kept and minutes to be made in book or books with
 - (a) all resolutions and proceedings of general meeting(s) and the meeting(s) of directors and Committee(s) of directors, and every member present at any general meeting and every director present at any meeting of directors or Committee of directors shall put his signature in a book to be kept for that purpose;
 - (b) recording the names of the persons present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors, and the general meeting; and
 - (c) all orders made by the directors and Committee(s) of directors:

Provided that all records related to proceedings through video-link shall be maintained in accordance with the relevant regulations specified by the Commission which shall be appropriately rendered into writing as part of the minute books according to the said

THE SEAL

52. The directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal and the seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the board of directors or by a committee of directors authorized in that behalf by the directors and in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the directors may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and secretary or other person as aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

DISQUALIFICATION OF OFRECTORS

53. No person shall become the director of a company if he soffets from any of the disabilities or disqualifications mentioned in section 153 or disqualified or debarred from holding such office under any of the provisions of the Act as the case may be and already a director, shall cease to hold such office from the date he so becomes disqualified or disabled:

Provided, however, that no director shall vacate his fice by reason only of his being a member of any company which has entered into contracts with or done any work for, the company of which he is director, but such director shall not vote in respect of any such contract or work, and if he does so vote, his vote shall not be counted.

- 54. The directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit. A director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of directors. Notice sent to a director through email whether such director is in Pakistan or outside Pakistan shall be a valid notice.
- 55. The directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but, if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for holding the same or is unwilling to act as chairman, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 56. At least one-third (1/3rd) of the total number of directors or two (2) directors whichever is higher, for the time being of the company, present personally or through video-link, shall constitute a quorum.
- 57. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, every question at meetings of the board shall be determined by a majority of votes of the directors present in person or through video-link, each director having one vote. In case of an equality of votes or tie, the chairman shall have a casting vote in addition to his original vote as a director.
- 58. The directors may delegate any of their powers not required to be exercised in their meeting to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any restrictions that may be imposed on them by the directors.
- 59. (1) A committee may elect a chairman of its meetings; but, if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for holding the same or is unwilling to act as chairman, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- (2) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have and exercise a second or casting vote.
- 60. All acts done by any meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors, or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
- 61. A copy of the draft minutes of meeting of the board of directors shall be furtished to every director within seven working days of the date of meeting.
- 62. A resolution in writing signed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held.

FILLING OF VACANCIES

63. At the first annual general meeting of the company, all the directors shall stand retired from office, and directors shall be elected in their place in accordance with section 159 for a term of